

Republic of the Philippines

Department of Education

Cordillera Administrative Region SCHOOLS DIVISION OF ABRA



July 29, 2024

DIVISION	M	EMORANDUM
No.	3	EMORANDUM 2024

CONDUCT OF STUDENT-LED SCHOOL WATCHING AND HAZARD MAPPING

To: Asst. Schools Division Superintendent
CES CID & SGOD
School Heads - Elementary and Secondary
Division DRRM Coordinator
School DRRM Coordinators
All Project Dev't Officer I
All concerned Personnel

- Pursuant to DepED Order No. 23, s. 2015 entitled Student-Led School Watching and Hazard Mapping, all public elementary and secondary schools are reminded to conduct the activity within the first month of the school opening of the current school year (SY)
- 2. The Student-Led School Watching and Hazard Mapping serve as initial steps in engaging learners in disaster preparedness and management. This activity aims to raise awareness and equip learners with the information and skills necessary to address the impact of hazards. Through this initiative, the Department of Education provides an opportunity for learners to understand their role in disaster risk reduction and management (DRRM).
- 3. Attached is DepED Order No. 23, s. 2015 for details and guidelines.
- A consolidated report relative to this activity with the following details shall be submitted by the School Head or School DRRM Coordinator to the SGOD -DRRM office on or before September 19, 2024
 - a. School Watching Team
 - b. School DRRM Team
 - c. Designation of School DRRM Coordinator and Alternate
 - d. Accomplished School Watching Checklist
 - e. Hazard Map









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- f. Evacuation Plan
- g. School DRRM Plan
- h. Activity Completion Report
- 5. All schools are encouraged to display their hazard maps in a conspicuous place.
- 6. For widest dissemination and compliance.

AMADOR D'GARCIA SR. PhD, CESO VI

Schools Division Superintendent-







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Republic of the Philippines

Department of Education

16 JUN 2015

DepEd ORDER No. 23, s. 2015

STUDENT-LED SCHOOL WATCHING AND HAZARD MAPPING

To: Undersecretaries

Assistant Secretaries

Bureau Directors

Directors of Services, Centers and Heads of Units

Regional Directors

Schools Division Superintendents

Heads, Public Elementary and Secondary Schools

All Others Concerned

- The Department of Education (DepEd) issues the enclosed Guidelines on Student-Led School Watching and Hazard Mapping which aims to instruct all public elementary and secondary schools in the specific engagement of learners in identifying and addressing hazards and risks.
- These Guidelines provide minimum instruction on how to begin with the conduct of this activity, which specifically highlights maximum representation of all pupils and students at all grade levels, sections, groups and organizations. This will be part of the schools' annual activity to engage learners in the implementation of disaster risk reduction and management (DRRM).
- The said Guidelines support DepEd Order No. 50, s. 2011 entitled Creation of DRRM Office and DepEd Order No. 55, s. 2007 entitled Prioritizing the Mainstreaming of Disaster Risk Reduction and Management in the School System and Implementation of Programs and Projects Relative Therefore, which seek to mainstream the implementation of DRRM in the systems and processes of the Department at all levels.
- This Order shall take effect immediately upon its approval. All other existing Orders and/or Memoranda inconsistent with this Order are superseded and are therefore deemed rescinded.

5. Immediate dissemination of and strict compliance with this Order is directed.

BR. ARMIN A. LUISTRO FSC

Secretary

Encls.; As stated

References: DepEd Order: (Nos. 50, s. 2011 and 55, s. 2007)

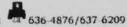
To be indicated in the Perpetual Index under the following subjects:

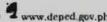
CALAMITY LEGISLATION

POLICY SAFETY EDUCATION SCHOOLS STUDENTS

SMA, DO Guidelines on Student-Led School Watching 0327, June 4, 2015

DepEd Complex, Meralco Avenue, Pasig City 1600 633-7208/633-7228/632-1361 636-4876/637-6209 www.deped.gov.ph







GUIDELINES ON STUDENT-LED SCHOOL WATCHING AND HAZARD MAPPING

I. Rationale

Strengthening disaster prevention, mitigation and preparedness is one of the key strategies to address the vulnerabilities of children inside and outside the school. With the increasing effects of climate change, it is important to raise the awareness and capacities of children to prepare for and manage possible disasters and/or emergencies. This is also intended to influence family preparedness as the learners could share and apply their lessons at home.

Children, who are commonly identified as one of the vulnerable groups, should be equipped with the capacity to know, understand and apply safety and protection mechanisms to build the foundation of their resilience. To initiate this strategy, it is imperative to increase the awareness of learners on the hazards and possible risks inside the school.

The student-led school watching and hazard mapping are initial steps in engaging learners in disaster preparedness and management. This activity will raise awareness and equip learners with information and skills necessary for addressing the impact of hazards. Through this activity, the Department of Education (DepEd) creates an opportunity for learners to understand their role in disaster risk reduction and management (DRRM).

Objectives

- Improve students' level of awareness on the potential hazards and risks within and around schools;
- Increase the participation of children in addressing potential disasters by reducing vulnerabilities; and
- Inculcate a culture of safety in the day-to-day experience of children in school.

II. Scope

This activity shall be conducted by all public elementary and secondary schools.

III. Definition of Terms1

Hazard - any phenomenon that has the potential to cause disruption or damage to humans and their environment, e.g. typhoon, flood, fire

Risk— the expected number of lives lost, persons injured, damage to property and disruption of economic activity due to natural phenomenon, and consequently the product of specific risk and elements at risk.

¹ Definitions are excerpts from

Department of Education (2008) 'Disaster Risk Reduction Resource Manual: Safer School Resource Manual'
Philippines: DepEd, UNICEF and Plan Philippines

The United Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction (2009) UNISDR: Terminology on Disaster Risk Reductions http://www.unisdr.org/we/inform/terminology

International Finance Corporation [2010] Disaster and Emergency Preparedness: Guidance for Schools, IFC World Bank

Specific risk means the expected degree of loss due to a particular phenomenon, e.g. the population, buildings and civil engineering works, economic activities, public services, utilities and infrastructure, etc., at risk in a given area

IV. Policy Statement

This policy shall require all public elementary and secondary schools to organize a student-led school watching and hazard mapping activity every first month of the school year.

V. Procedures

A. Organizing and Preparing the School Watching Team

- The school head shall designate a moderator to facilitate a student-led school watching and hazard mapping activity. The moderator is preferably a DRRM-trained school personnel who is familiar with the hazards and risks in the school or anyone who has previous/current involvement in any DRRM activity.
- The School Watching Team (SWT) should comprise of at least 10 members. For medium and big schools, organizing various students' organizations and/or student leaders for a school watching activity is preferred to maximize engagement. For very small schools (i.e. with less than five classes), teachers could integrate school watching in their respective lessons as an outdoor activity. For very big schools, more than one team could be organized to ensure that all grade levels, sections and groups are represented.
- The Supreme Student/Pupil Government (SSG/SPG) shall aid in the identification of SWT members. The team members could be student leaders of youth clubs, academic and/or non-academic clubs such as boy/girl scouts, Red Cross, or representatives from various grade levels and/or sections.
- The moderator is encouraged to redesign the process, if necessary, to ensure appropriateness to the composition of the SWT. Preferably SSG/SPG shall also participate in this activity.
- It is important that the moderator presents the guidelines in the language that the SWT is most familiar and comfortable with.
- The moderator could prepare a timeline on the conduct of this activity to ensure that this will not disrupt regular school activities and/or classes of SWT members.
- The moderator will prepare the route for the school watching, designate stops and provide a School Watching Checklist (Annex 1) to Team members for guidance in the observation of hazards.
- · Designate a start and end point for the school watching activity.
- The moderator shall orient the SSG/SPG on school watching and hazard mapping before convening the SWT.

B. School Watching and Hazard Mapping

 The moderator should ensure that all SWT members have a pen and notebook for note taking during the school watch.

- The moderator shall orient the SWT on the background and purpose of this activity, and level-off with the Team on the conduct of this activity.
- Walk through each building, classroom, office, laboratory, workshop, play area, garden and any open area of the school.
- At each point, give a 3-5-minute stop for the Team to observe and take down notes in every building, classroom, office, laboratory, workshop, play area, garden and any open area.
- Use the School Watching Checklist as a basic guide in identifying hazard factors and/or at risk areas in the school. The Team members are encouraged to add other risk factors based on their observation, experience and appreciation of the condition of the school environment/facilities.
- After walking around the school premises, the moderator will facilitate
 the processing of the information noted by the SWT.
- Then, materials such as cartolina, pens, crayons, coloured papers or any drawing material will be distributed to the SWT to map and plot the identified hazards and/or at risk areas in the school.
- Allow the SWT to discuss the plotted hazard areas in the map to enhance the initially placed markings.
- Finalize the hazard map based on the SWT discussion and prepare for a presentation to the School Planning Team (SPT)

C. Reporting, Submission and Information Dissemination

- After preparing the hazard map, the moderator shall coordinate the presentation and submission of this document to the SPT.
- The SSG/SPG shall present the result of school watching and hazard map to the SPT.
- The hazard map should be reproduced and posted in different areas of the school, preferably in all buildings.

VI. Monitoring and Evaluation

All Division DRRM Coordinators shall conduct ocular visits to observe and document the conduct of school watching and hazard mapping. Specifically, the Coordinator shall note the implementation issues and submit reports to the DRRMO. This will serve as input to succeeding policy development initiatives.

VII. References

Department of Education (2008) 'Disaster Risk Reduction Resource Manual: Safer School Resource Manual' Philippines: DepEd, UNICEF and Plan Philippines

Dulce, Celso Jr et al (2011) Safe, Resilient Communities: the ACCORD Model Quezon City, Philippines: Assistance and Cooperation for Community Resilience and Development, Inc.

International Finance Corporation (2010) Disaster and Emergency Preparedness: Guidance for Schools, IFC World Bank

The United Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction (2009)
UNISDR:Terminology on Disaster Risk Reductions
http://www.unisdr.org/we/inform/terminology

Villegas MMM (2012) Earthquake Preparedness in School 'Disaster risk reduction and management manual for Science and Mathematics teachers' Department of Science and Technology Science Education Institute Reprinted 2012

VIII. Effectivity/Transitory provision (if applicable)

This issuance shall immediately take effect upon approval.

Annex 1: School Watching Checklist

Broken window □ Broken/dilapidated ceiling Slippery pathway □ Open/incomplete perimeter Blocked corridor Heavy objects mounted on top Presence of stray animals of cabinets/shelves inside the school campus □ Flooded area Presence of electrical ☐ Busted plugs/light post/transformer near or bulbs/electrical facilities within the school perimeter U Exposed electrical wires No system of release to parents Protruding nails in chairs and during emergencies tables No posted emergency hotlines around the school Broken door knobs Garbage Area (Segregation of U Warning sign: Slippery Biodegradable and Nonpathways/corridors Biodegradable) Plants mounted on the building □ Detached or peeled off GI sheet railings Broken toilet bowl and/or sinks □ Flooding ☐ Broken chairs/desks/tables Exposed chemicals and liquids Blocked/no emergency exits ☐ Lack/absence of storage for Unmounted cabinets/shelves equipment [] Medical kits in every Unlabeled chemicals classrooms □ Dripping ceiling □ Bells/alarms Open pit Condemnable building (i.e. very) Stagnant water old structure, collapsing □ Unpruned building and/or prominent trees/bushes/shrubs cracks on classroom walls) □ Open/Clogged canals Others (List as many as □ No ramps for elevated school possible buildings or other facilities □ Swing-in doors